

# Lecture 1

Tuesday, January 17, 2017 5:06 PM

## Introduction :

Alg. topology is studying topological spaces via abstract algebra

Top. space  $\longmapsto$  Algebraic invariants, invariant up to homomorphism  
OR homotopy equivalence

\* As in the book, maps between spaces are continuous unless stated otherwise.

Def • homotopy : family  $f_t : X \rightarrow Y$  for  $t \in [0,1]$  such that  $F : X \times [0,1] \rightarrow Y$  given by  $F(x,t) = f_t(x)$  is continuous.

• Maps  $f, g : X \rightarrow Y$  called homotopic if there exist a homotopy  $f_t : X \rightarrow Y$  s.t.  $f = f_0$ ,  $g = f_1$ ,  $f \simeq g$

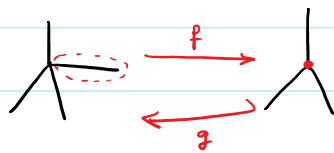
• homotopy equivalence :  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is a homotopy equivalence if  $\exists g : Y \rightarrow X$  s.t.  $fg \simeq \mathbb{1}_Y$   $gf \simeq \mathbb{1}_X$

\* Any homeomorphism is a homotopy equivalence.

•  $X$  and  $Y$  are called homotopy equivalent if  $\exists$  a homotopy equivalence  $f : X \rightarrow Y$

Ex (1) for any  $n \geq 0$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is homotopy equivalent with  $\{0\}$  (Exercise)

(2)



homotopy equivalent but not homeomorphic.

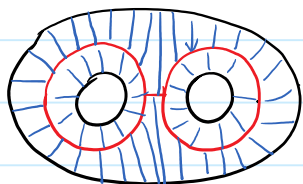
$$gf = \text{id} \quad fg \simeq \text{id}$$

Special case of homotopy equivalence called deformation retraction :

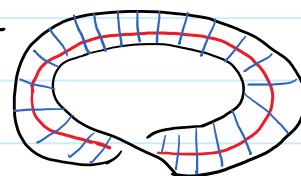
•  $A \subset X$  subspace,  $r : X \rightarrow X$  s.t.  $r(X) = A$ , for any  $x \in A$ ,  $r(x) = x$  i.e.  $r|_A = \mathbb{1}$

• A deformation retraction of  $X$  onto  $A$  is a homotopy  $f_t : X \rightarrow X$  between  $\mathbb{1}$  and a contraction  $r$  of  $X$  onto  $A$  s.t.  $f_t|_A = \mathbb{1}$  for any  $t$ .  
 $A$  is called a deformation retract of  $X$ .

Ex



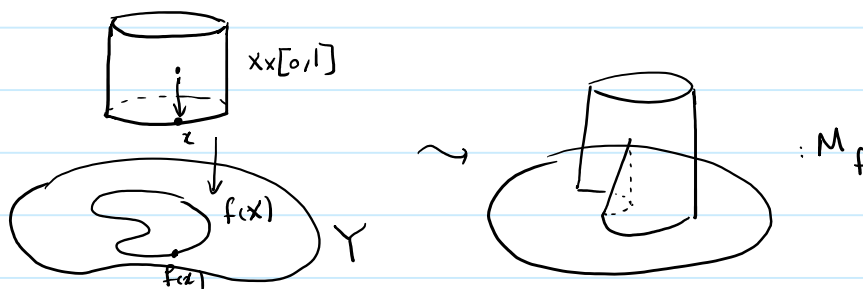
Ex



Ex Mapping cylinder

$$f: X \rightarrow Y$$

$$M_f = X \times [0,1] \sqcup Y / (x,1) \sim f(x)$$



$M_f$  deformation retracts onto  $Y$  by  $s$

- $X$  is called contractible if  $\mathbb{1}: X \rightarrow X$  is nullhomotopic i.e.  $\mathbb{1} \simeq$  Constant map.
- $\Leftrightarrow X$  has the homotopy type of a pt.

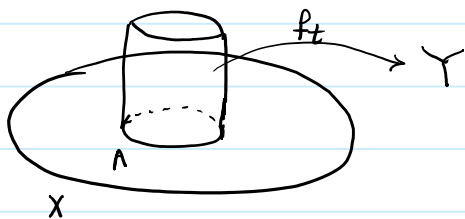
$$X \xrightarrow{f} P \xrightarrow{e^X} X \Rightarrow f \circ i = \mathbb{1}, \begin{matrix} f_i: X \rightarrow X \\ \downarrow R \\ \mathbb{1} \\ \text{Constant} \end{matrix}$$

Ex  $D_n$ : Contractible

Q  $A \subset X$  contractible subspace, is  $q: X \rightarrow X/A$  a homotopy equivalence?

Homotopy extension property:  $(X, A)$  have homotopy extension property if for any

map  $f_0: X \rightarrow Y$  and any homotopy  $f_t: A \rightarrow Y$  of  $f_0|_A$ , there exists an extension  $f_t: X \rightarrow Y$  for  $f_0$ .



Lemma  $(X, A)$  has homotopy extension property  $\Leftrightarrow A \times I \cup X \times \{0\}$  is a retract of  $X \times I$ .

$$(\Rightarrow) Y = A \times I \cup X \times \{0\}$$

$$\mathbb{1}: A \times I \cup X \times \{0\} \rightarrow A \times I \cup X \times \{0\}$$

$\rightsquigarrow$  extends to a map  $X \times I \rightarrow A \times I \cup X \times \{0\}$  retracts!

$(\Leftarrow)$  A Closed Subspace  $F: A \times I \cup X \times \{0\} \xrightarrow{\text{Conti}} Y \Rightarrow F \circ r: \text{extended retraction.}$

Cor  $(X, A)$  has homotopy extension property if  $A$  has a mapping cylinder nbd in  $X$ .

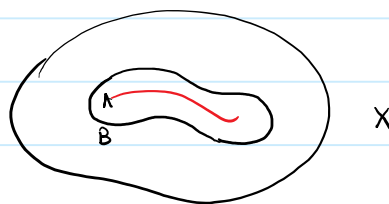
i.e.  $\exists$  closed set  $N \subset X$  containing  $A$

and a subspace  $B$  such that

$N - B \ni$  open nbd of  $A$  and

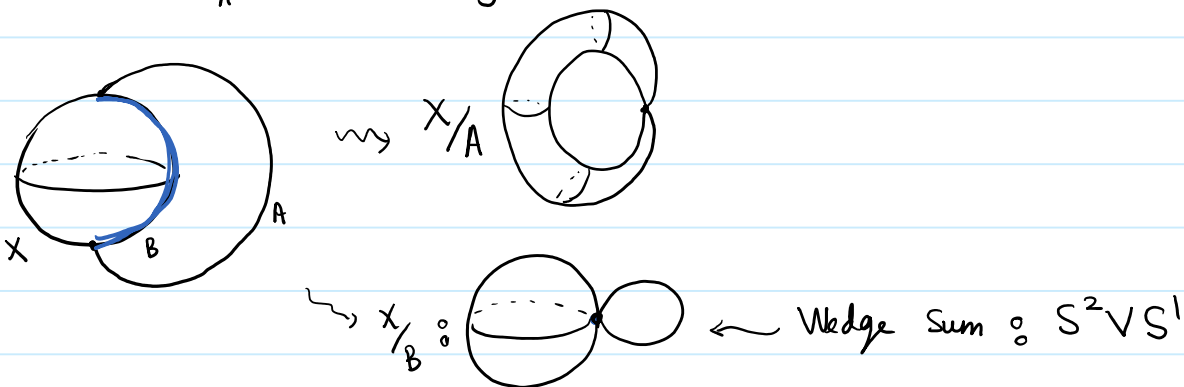
$\exists$  homes  $h: M_f \rightarrow N$  for  $f: B \rightarrow A$

s.t.  $h|_{A \cup B} = \mathbb{1}$



Prop: If  $(X, A)$  satisfy homotopy extension property and  $A$  is contractible the  $q: X \rightarrow X/A$  is a homotopy equivalence.

Ex



Def:  $X, Y$  with base points  $x_0, y_0$ , wedge sum of  $X$  and  $Y$ :  $X \amalg Y / x_0 \sim y_0$

Prop  $A \subset X \cap Y$  such that  $(X, A)$  and  $(Y, A)$  have homotopy extension property.  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  homotopy equivalence such that  $f|_A = \mathbb{1}$   
 $\Rightarrow f$  is a homotopy equivalence relative  $A$ .

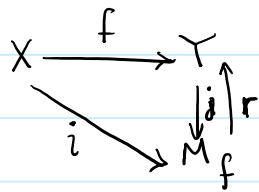
i.e.  $\exists g: Y \rightarrow X$  s.t.  $g|_A = \mathbb{1}$  and  $fg \simeq \mathbb{1}$   $gf \simeq \mathbb{1}$  s.t. homotopies are equal to  $\mathbb{1}$  on  $A$  at all times.

e.g. deformation retraction is a relative homotopy between  $\mathbb{1}$  and a retraction map.

Cor  $A \subset X$  subspace s.t.  $i: A \hookrightarrow X$  is a homotopy equivalence and  $(X, A)$  satisfies hom. ext. prop. then  $A$  is a deform. retract of  $X$ .

Cor  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  homotopy equivalence  $\Leftrightarrow X$  is a deformation retract of  $M_f$ .

$X$  has a mapping cylinder nbd in  $M_f \Rightarrow (M_f, X)$  homotopy exten. property



$f = rj \Rightarrow$  if  $j$  is homotopy equivalence  $\Rightarrow f$  homotopy equiv.  
 $i \simeq jf \Rightarrow$  if  $f$  homotopy equivalence  $\Rightarrow i$  homo. equiv.  
 (EX)

$f$  homoto. equiv.  $\Leftrightarrow i$  homotop. equiv  $\Leftrightarrow X$  is a deformation retract  $\square$

Attaching spaces:

$X_0, X_1, A \subset X_1$  closed subspace,  $f: A \rightarrow X_0$  then

$X_0$  attached to  $X_1$  along  $A$  via  $f$   $\leftarrow X_0 \sqcup_f X_1 = \frac{X_0 \sqcup X_1}{\{a \sim f(a) \mid a \in A\}}$

Mapping cylinder  $M_f$  for  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  is the attached space of  $X \times I$  to  $Y$  along  $X \times \{1\}$  via  $f$

Q If  $f, g: A \rightarrow X_0$  are homotopic, are  $X_0 \sqcup_f X_1 \simeq X_0 \sqcup_g X_1$ ? No

Prop: If  $(X_1, A)$  has HEP, then  $X_0 \sqcup_f X_1 \simeq X_0 \sqcup_g X_1$  rel  $X_0$ .